

INTEGERS

In mathematics, integers play a critical role, forming the basis for numerical understanding. An integer is a whole number encompassing all positive and negative numbers and zero. It extends beyond the realm of counting, encompassing positive numbers, their opposites, and zero. Generally, the letter Z is used to denote Integers.

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Q1: The product of two negative integers is:

A: Always negative

- B: Always positive
- C: Always zero
- D: Positive or negative

Q2: Which of these is an example of an integer?

A: 1.5

Β: π

C: -9

D: √9

Q3: Which of the following is not an integer?

A: -10 B: 2.5 C: 0 D: 100

Q4: What is the product of -9 and -9?

A: 81 B: -81 C: 0

D: 1

Q5: What will be the answer when you add 5 and -6?

A: -11 B: 11 C: 1 D: -1



Q6: What is the center of the Integers?

A: One

B: Three

C: Zero

D: None of these

Q7: What will be the result if you divide -15 by 3?

A: 5

B: -5

C: 45

D: -45

Q8: Solve the equation following all the mathematical rules: $5 \times 5 + 6 - 3$

A: 28

B: 52

C: 40

D: 22

Q9: What will be the result if you multiply 2 and -7?

A: 14

B: 3.5

C: -14

D: -3.5

Q10: What is the result of -2 divided by -2?

A: -1

B: 0

C: 2

D: 1





Answers

- Q1: B Always positive
- **Q2:** C -9
- **Q3:** B 2.5
- **Q4:** A 81
- **Q5:** D -1
- Q6: C Zero
- **Q7:** B -5
- **Q8:** A 28
- **Q9:** C -14
- **Q10:** D 1