

QUOTATION

Don't let these minor punctuation marks [“ , ”] fool you into thinking they are insignificant. Quotation marks hold a pivotal position in language learning. Your literary comprehension and writing skills are boosted once you uncover the secrets of quotation marks. Allow EduLyte's English language trainers to build your command over quotation meaning and use along with other aspects of the language. Register for free with EduLyte and get access to free language resources!

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Q1: Which punctuation mark is used to enclose a direct quotation?

- A: apostrophe (')
 - B: Exclamation mark (!)
 - C: Quotation marks ("")
 - D: Comma (,)
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Q2: What is an indirect quotation?

- A: A quotation attributed to an unknown source.
 - B: A quotation that is paraphrased or restated in one's own words.
 - C: A quotation that is used to support a direct argument.
 - D: A quotation that is taken out of context.
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Q3: Which of the following is an example of a direct quotation?

- A: She said that the weather was beautiful.
 - B: He exclaimed, "I can't believe it!"
 - C: The author wrote about the importance of education.
 - D: They discussed the latest news article.
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Q4: Why are quotation marks used?

- A: To indicate sarcasm or irony in a statement.
 - B: To highlight essential keywords or phrases.
 - C: To enclose direct quotations or spoken words.
 - D: To indicate the beginning and end of a paragraph.
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Q5: Choose the sentence with the correct use of quotation marks.

- A: John said, I can't believe it.
 - B: "Mary, please come here," he called.
 - C: She asked me if I wanted to go for a walk.
 - D: They shouted, I'm ready to go!
-

Q6: What are quotation marks?

- A: Punctuation marks used to indicate emphasis.
 - B: Punctuation marks used to separate items in a list.
 - C: Punctuation marks used to enclose direct quotations or spoken words.
 - D: Punctuation marks used to connect compound sentences.
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Q7: Choose the example that represents an indirect quotation.

- A: She said, "I will be there at 3 o'clock."
 - B: He told me, "I can't wait for the weekend."
 - C: They exclaimed, "What a beautiful sunset!"
 - D: The teacher explained that studying is essential for success.
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Q8: What is the difference between a direct and indirect quotation?

- A: A direct quotation is attributed to a specific source, while an indirect quotation is not attributed to any source.
 - B: A direct quotation is word-for-word from the original source, while an indirect quotation is a paraphrase or restatement in one's own words.
 - C: A direct quotation is used for formal writing, while an indirect quotation is used for informal writing.
 - D: A direct quotation is always enclosed in quotation marks, while an indirect quotation is not enclosed in quotation marks.
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Q9: Choose the sentence with the correct use of quotation marks

- A: She said, "I am excited to see you".
 - B: He shouted, I can't believe it!
 - C: "Please close the door," she requested.
 - D: They exclaimed, What a beautiful day!
-

Q10: Choose the sentence with the incorrect use of quotation marks.

- A: She said, "I can't wait to see you'.
 - B: "That's not fair," he said.
 - C: He exclaimed, "I can't believe it"!
 - D: They shouted, "It's time to go!".
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Answers

Q1: C - Quotation marks ("")

Q2: B - A quotation that is paraphrased or restated in one's own words.

Q3: B - He exclaimed, "I can't believe it!"

Q4: C - To enclose direct quotations or spoken words.

Q5: B - "Mary, please come here," he called.

Q6: C - Punctuation marks used to enclose direct quotations or spoken words.

Q7: D - The teacher explained that studying is essential for success.

Q8: B - A direct quotation is word-for-word from the original source, while an indirect quotation is a paraphrase or restatement in one's own words.

Q9: A - She said, "I am excited to see you".

Q10: A - She said, "I can't wait to see you'.