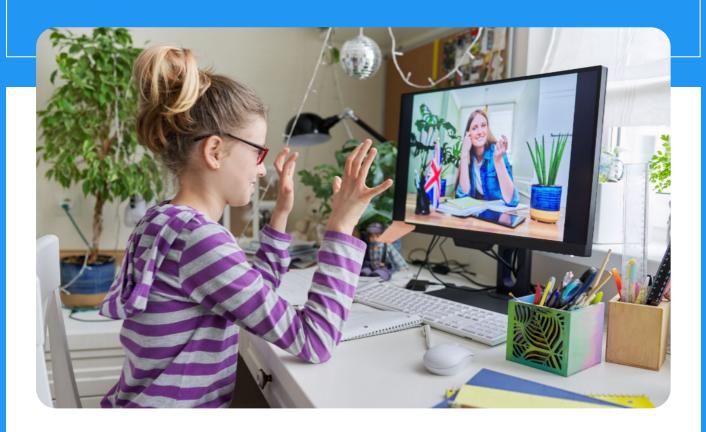


PREPOSITIONAL PHRASE

An object, typically a noun or pronoun, follows a preposition at the beginning of a prepositional phrase. These phrases are significant in English grammar since they give more information, elucidate links, and strengthen sentence structure.

Read more





Q1: What is the function of prepositional phrases when used as adjectives?

A: Characterize nouns or pronouns, conveying place, time, direction, demeanor, or condition

B: Express the link between the object and another word in the phrase

C: Convey details about the present or past and information about attitudes or situations

D: Provide more descriptive qualities to nouns or pronouns that they modify

Q2: Which of the following examples demonstrates a prepositional phrase used as an adverb?

A: She ran with determination

B: The book on the table is mine

C: He departed in a hurry

D: The pup in the yard

Q3: When should you use 'an' instead of 'a' before a word?

A: Before words that begin with a vowel sound

B: Before words that begin with a consonant sound

C: Before words that are part of a prepositional phrase

D: Before words that are nouns or pronouns

Q4: What are the two fundamental parts of a prepositional phrase?

A: Connector and adjective

B: Verb and adverb

C: Noun and pronoun

D: Preposition and object

Q5: Prepositional phrases can function as adjectives or adverbs. Which of the following sentences does a prepositional phrase function as an adjective?

A: She ran with determination.

B: In the dining room, we had dinner.

C: The book on the table is mine.

D: He departed in a hurry.



Q6: Which of the following prepositional phrases modifies a verb?

A: Within the cabinet, there are important documents.

B: The book on the table is mine.

C: She ran with determination.

D: At the shore, we enjoyed the sunset.

Q7: Which of the following prepositional phrases does NOT provide information about location or position?

A: Beside the river.

B: Beneath the desk.

C: In the dining room.

D: With a friend for my birthday.

Q8: When do you use 'an' and 'a' before a word?

A: Use 'an' before words that begin with a vowel sound and 'a' before words that begin with a consonant sound.

B: Use 'an' before words that begin with a consonant sound and 'a' before words that begin with a vowel sound.

C: Use 'an' before proper nouns and 'a' before common nouns.

D: Use 'an' before plural nouns and 'a' before singular nouns.

Q9: Which of the following examples illustrates a prepositional phrase providing additional details about the site or direction?

A: He walked through the park.

B: He is happy with his new car.

C: She sat down.

D: I respect you.

Q10: What do prepositional phrases offer to sentence structure?

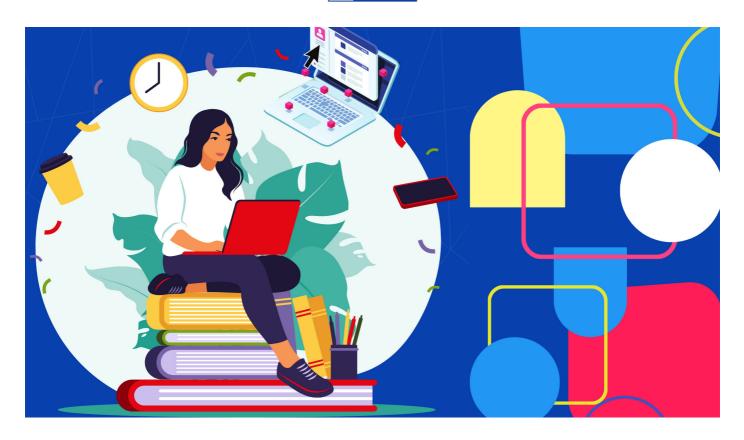
A: Complicated grammar rules, ambiguity, and confusion

B: Vivid imagery, humour, and emotion

C: Basic structure, coherence, and simplicity

D: Additional complexity, precision, and clarity





Answers

- Q1: D Provide more descriptive qualities to nouns or pronouns that they modify
- Q2: A She ran with determination
- Q3: A Before words that begin with a vowel sound
- **Q4:** D Preposition and object
- **Q5:** C The book on the table is mine.
- **Q6:** C She ran with determination.
- **Q7:** D With a friend for my birthday.
- **Q8:** A Use 'an' before words that begin with a vowel sound and 'a' before words that begin with a consonant sound.
- **Q9:** A He walked through the park.
- Q10: D Additional complexity, precision, and clarity