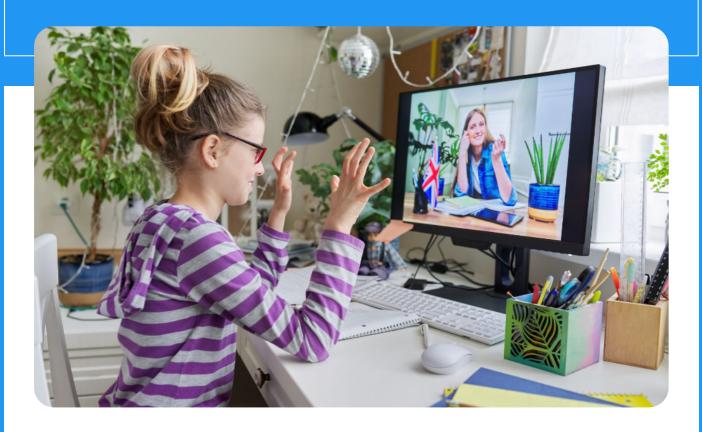


PHRASAL VERB

In the usage and communication of the English language, phrasal verbs are imperative. These flexible expressions comprise a verb and one or more particles, including prepositions or adverbs, significantly altering the verb's meaning. One's fluency and understanding of English may be significantly improved by efficiently knowing and employing phrasal verbs. This page seeks to give thorough instructions on phrasal words, including their definition, construction, examples, and techniques for learning how to use them.

Read more





Q1: I set my alarm clock because I have to early tomorrow.	
A: Get up B: Lookup C: Come on D: Look out	
Q2: She	her old furniture and bought new ones.
A: Got rid of	
B: Got up	
C: Got on	
D: Got through	
Q3: They	their plan and decided to start over.
A: Scrapped out	
B: Scrapped off	
C: Scrapped	
D: Scrapped down	1
Q4: What is on	e common challenge when studying phrasal verbs?
A: Modal verbs	
B: Idiomatic formu	ulations
C: Definite article	
D: Verbal nouns	
Q5: What does	the phrasal verb 'Bring about' mean?
A: To settle down	calmly
B: To unexpected	y encounter someone or something
C: To put up with s	
D: To cause or ma	ke something happen



Q6: What does the phrase 'break down' mean?

A: To cancel or abort something

B: To understand or grasp something quickly

C: To stop functioning or fail to work correctly

D: To confront or accept a problematic situation or reality

Q7: What does the phrasal verb 'hold on' mean?

A: To let go

B: To forget about something

C: To hurry up

D: To wait or remain on line or in a specific position

Q8: What is the significance of the particle 'up' in phrasal verbs?

A: It frequently denotes an expansion or completion of an activity

B: It determines the meaning of the verb

C: It divides the verb and the object

D: It occurs after the verb

Q9: What technique can be used to recall the meanings of phrasal verbs?

A: Learning only the verb

B: Associations or enduring pictures as mnemonic devices

C: Writing it only once in a notebook

D: Forming no associations with it

Q10: What do we call a combination of a verb and a particle that can have idiomatic meanings?

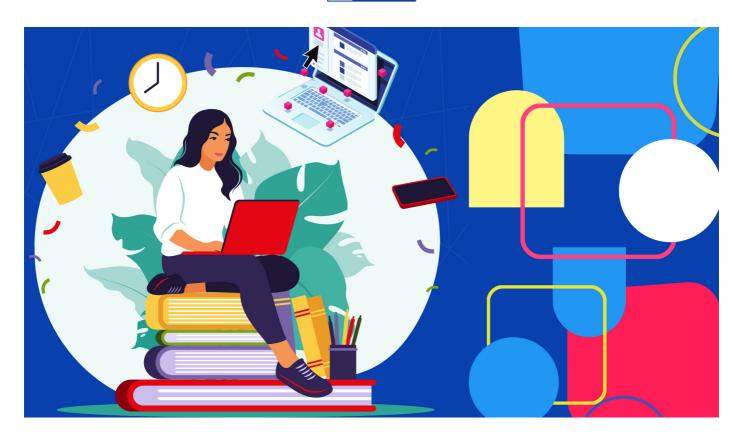
A: Irregular verbs

B: Participle verbs

C: Phrasal verbs

D: Conditional verbs





Answers

Q1: A - Get up

Q2: A - Got rid of

Q3: C - Scrapped

Q4: B - Idiomatic formulations

Q5: D - To cause or make something happen

Q6: C - To stop functioning or fail to work correctly

Q7: D - To wait or remain on line or in a specific position

Q8: A - It frequently denotes an expansion or completion of an activity

Q9: B - Associations or enduring pictures as mnemonic devices

Q10: C - Phrasal verbs