

SYMMETRY

Symmetry is a fundamental concept that pervades various aspects of the natural world, art, and mathematics. It refers to a balanced arrangement or pattern in which elements exhibit a form of correspondence or equivalence across a central axis, point, or plane. This balance can be reflected, rotational, translational, or even more complex.

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Q1: What is the equation for a line of bilateral symmetry?

- A: $y = 0$
 - B: $x = 0$
 - C: $y = x$
 - D: $x = -y$
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Q2: What is the axis of symmetry for a symmetrical polygon?

- A: The diagonal of the polygon
 - B: The perpendicular bisector of a side
 - C: The centroid of the polygon
 - D: The center of the polygon
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Q3: How does an asymmetrical object differ from a symmetrical one?

- A: It lacks balance and proportion
 - B: It cannot be divided into identical halves
 - C: It is more aesthetically pleasing
 - D: It exhibits more symmetry than a symmetrical object
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Q4: Which of the following shapes exhibits rotational symmetry?

- A: Square
 - B: Triangle
 - C: Circle
 - D: Rhombus
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Q5: What is the equation for a line of reflectional symmetry in the coordinate plane?

- A: $x = y$
 - B: $y = x$
 - C: $y = -x$
 - D: $x = -y$
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Q6: In a parallelogram, what is the relationship between the opposite sides concerning symmetry?

- A: They are parallel but not symmetrical
 - B: They are symmetrical but not parallel
 - C: They are both parallel and symmetrical
 - D: They are neither parallel nor symmetrical
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Q7: Which of the following natural objects typically exhibits bilateral symmetry?

- A: Starfish
 - B: Jellyfish
 - C: Octopus
 - D: Sea urchin
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Q8: The line connecting the midpoints of two sides of a rectangle represents what type of symmetry in the rectangle?

- A: Rotational symmetry
 - B: Reflectional symmetry
 - C: Bilateral symmetry
 - D: Translational symmetry
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Q9: A symmetrical pattern with a rotational symmetry of 180 degrees would look the same after a half-turn. Which of the following shapes exhibits this type of symmetry?

- A: Equilateral triangle
 - B: Regular hexagon
 - C: Isosceles trapezoid
 - D: Rectangle
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Q10: An object with mirror-image symmetry across its central axis is said to have:

- A: Bilateral symmetry
 - B: Quadrilateral symmetry
 - C: Translational symmetry
 - D: Triangular symmetry
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Answers

Q1: B - $x = 0$

Q2: B - The perpendicular bisector of a side

Q3: A - It lacks balance and proportion

Q4: C - Circle

Q5: B - $y = x$

Q6: C - They are both parallel and symmetrical

Q7: D - Sea urchin

Q8: B - Reflectional symmetry

Q9: A - Equilateral triangle

Q10: A - Bilateral symmetry